

Chemical Class Chart

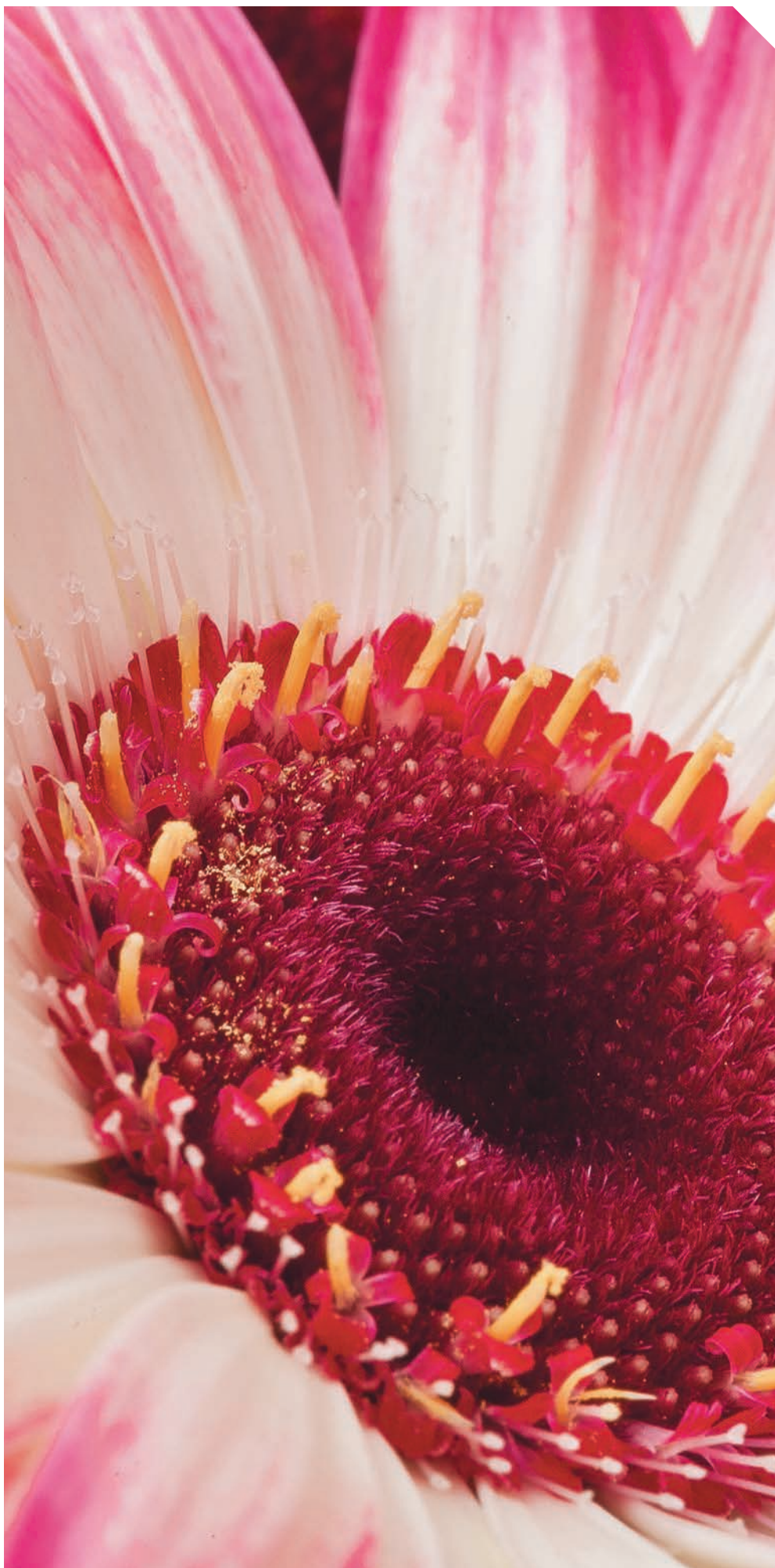
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Greenhouse and Nursery Production

- Insecticides/Miticides
- Fungicides
- Herbicides
- Plant Growth Regulators

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REFERENCE GUIDE for GREENHOUSE and NURSERY PRODUCTION INSECTICIDES / MITICIDES

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Pest populations that are over-exposed to a single pesticide may develop resistance to that pesticide. Resistance is due to the innate ability of some individuals in the pest population to survive even after being treated with a pesticide. When using pesticides repeatedly for crop protection, it is important to manage pesticide resistance by rotating chemicals with different modes of action (MOA) on the target pest or combining chemicals with different modes of action in the tank/spray mix.

When labels permit, make two (2) applications of a product or tank mix in sequence, then rotate to products with different modes of action to improve coverage on target life stages of the pest. Try to avoid applying pesticides with the same mode of action to more than one generation of the pest per cycle.

Good resistance management starts with accurate identification of the pest problem and good record-keeping of all pesticide applications. Time pesticide applications to coincide with the susceptible life stage of the pest based on their life cycle.

The appropriate and labeled (legal) method of application is also a very important factor to consider.

Low volume (L.V.) applications (smoke generator, thermal fog, cold fog, aerosol, and electrostatic) are commonly used in greenhouses. Low volume sprays generally are more effective against adults than immature stages. Use high volume sprays, directed under the leaves for best results against insect and mite eggs and nymphs.

Always read the label and check with your state or county extension specialists for further information regarding resistance management.

****Use Site(s) Key:** GH = Greenhouse N = Nursery

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
1A	Carbamates	Carbaryl	Sevin®	12	N	Bayer Environmental Science
		Methiocarb	Mesuroil®	24	GH/N	Gowan Company
1B	Organophosphates	Acephate	Orthene® TT&O	24	GH/N	Amvac Chemical Corp.
			Orthene® TR	24	GH	BASF
		Chlorpyrifos	DuraGuard® ME	24	GH/N	BASF
			Dursban® 50 WP	24	N	Dow
		Malathion	Gowan Malathion 8F	12	N	Gowan Company
	Phosmet	Imidan® 70W	24	N	Gowan Company	
2B	Phenylpyrazoles	Fipronil	TopChoice®	24	N	Bayer Environmental Science
3	Pyrethroids	Bifenthrin	Talstar®	12	GH/N**	FMC Corp.
			OnyxPro®	12	N	FMC Corp.
			Attain® TR	12	GH	BASF
		Cyfluthrin	Decathlon®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
		Fenpropathrin	Tame®	24	GH/N	Nufarm
		Fluvalinate	Mavrik® Aquaflo	12	GH/N	Wellmark International
		Lambda-Cyhalothrin	Scimitar® GC	24	GH/N	Syngenta
		Permethrin	Astro®	12	GH	FMC Corp.
			Permethrin 3.2 EC	12	GH/N***	Helena Chemical Co.
			Ambush®	12	GH/N***	Amvac Chemical Corp.
	Botanicals	Pyrethrins	Pyrethrum® TR	12	GH	BASF
PyGanic			12	GH/N	Mycorrhizal Applications, LLC	

*** Greenhouse roses only

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation. Check labels for uses.

Insecticides / Miticides

continued

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
4A	Neonicotinoids	Acetamiprid	TriStar®	12	GH/N	Nufarm
		Dinotefuran	Safari®	12	GH/N	Nufarm
		Imidacloprid	Marathon®	0-12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			CoreTect Tree and Shrub Tablets™	12	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
	Thiamethoxam	Flagship®	12	GH/N	Syngenta	
4D	Butenolides	Flupyradifurone	Altus	4	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
5	Spinosyns	Spinosad	Conserve®	4	GH/N	Dow
			Entrust®	4	GH/N	Dow
6	Glycosides	Abamectin	Avid®	12	GH/N	Syngenta
	Avermectin	Emamectin benzoate	Enfold™	12	N	Syngenta
		Milbemectin	Ultiflora®	12	N	Gowan Company
7A	Juvenile hormone mimics	s-Kinoprene	Enstar® AQ	12	GH	Wellmark International
7B	Juvenile hormone mimics	Fenoxycarb	Award®	12	N	Syngenta
7C	Pyridine - Insect Growth Regulators	Pyriproxyfen	Distance®	12	GH/N	Nufarm
			Fulcrum®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
9A	Pyridine azomethines	Pymetrozine	Endeavor®	12	GH/N	Syngenta
9B	Pyridine azomethines	Pyrifluquinazon	Rycar®	12	GH	SePRO Corp.
10A	Tetrazines	Clofentezine	Applause™	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			Ovation®	12	GH/N	ICL Specialty Fertilizers
	Thiazolidinones	Hexythiazox	Hexygon® DF	12	GH/N	Gowan Company
10B	2, 4 - Diphenyloxzoline Derivatives	Etoxazole	TetraSan®	12	GH/N	Nufarm
			Beethoven™ TR	4-24*	GH	BASF
11	Biopesticides	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Kurstaki	DiPel® Pro DF	4	GH/N	Nufarm
			Thuricide® N/G	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			Javelin® WG	4	GH/N	Certis USA, LLC
		<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Israelensis	Gnatrol®	4	GH/N	Nufarm
12B	Organotin miticides	Fenbutatin-oxide	ProMITE™	48	GH/N	SePRO Corp.
13	Pyrroles	Chlorfenapyr	Pylon®	12	GH	BASF
15	Benzoylureas - Insect Growth Regulators	Diflubenzuron	Adept®	12	GH	OHP, Inc.
			Dimilin® SC	12	GH/N**	OHP, Inc.
			Pedestal™	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
16	Buprofezin	Buprofezin	Talus®	12	GH/N	SePRO Corp.

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation. Check labels for uses.

Insecticides / Miticides

continued

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
17	Cyromazine - Insect Growth Regulators	Cyromazine	Citation®	12	GH/N	Syngenta
18	Diacylhydrazines	Tebufenozide	Confirm®	4	N	Gowan Company
		Methoxyfenozide	Intrepid®	4	GH/N	Dow
20A	Trifluoromethyl Aminohydrazone	Hydramethylnon	Amdro® Pro	12	N	BASF
20B	Napthoquinone Derivatives	Acequinocyl	Shuttle® O	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
21A	METI Acaricides and Insecticides	Pyridaben	Sanmite®	12	GH/N	Gowan Company
		Fenpyroximate	Akari®	12	GH	SePRO Corp.
		Tolfenpyrad	Hachi-Hachi®	12	GH	SePRO Corp.
		Fenazaquin	Magus™	12	GH/N	Gowan Company
22B	Semicarbazone	Metaflumizone	Siesta™	12	GH/N	BASF
23	Tetronic acids	Spiromesifen	Savate™	12	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
	Tetramic acids	Spirotetramat	Kontos®	0-24	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
25A	Beta-ketonitrile	Cyflumetofen	Sultan™	12	GH/N	BASF
28	Anthranillic diamide	Cyantraniliprole	Mainspring®	4	GH/N	Syngenta
29	Pyridine carboxamides	Fonicamid	Aria®	12	GH/N	FMC Corp.
UN	Carbazates	Bifenazate	Floramite®	12	GH	OHP, Inc.
	Biopesticide Insect Growth Regulators	Azadirachtin	Azatin® O	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
	Pyridalyl	Pyridalyl	Overture®	12	GH	Nufarm
M	Biopesticides	<i>Beauveria bassiana</i>	BotaniGard®	4	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.
			Mycotrol® O	4	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.
		<i>Isaria fumosorosea</i> Apopka Strain 97(ATCC20874)	Ancora™	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
		<i>Steinernema feltiae</i>	Nemasys®	0	GH	BASF
		<i>Steinernema carpocapsae</i>	Millenium®	0	GH	BASF
		Oils	Botanical oil	Captiva®	4	GH/N
	Clarified hydrophobic extract of neem oil		Triact® 70	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
	Mineral oil		Ultra-Pure™ Oil	4	GH/N	BASF
	Petroleum		Suffoil-X™	4	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.
	Soaps		Potassium salts of fatty acids	AllPro® Insecticidal Soap	12	GH/N
		Kopa™ Insecticidal Soap		12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
M-Pede®		12		GH/N	Gowan Company	

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation.
Check labels for uses.

MOA Combination Products

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
3 + UN	Pyrethrins	Pyrethrins + Piperonyl butoxide	Evergreen Pro 60-6	12	GH/N	Mycorrhizal Applications, LLC
1+3	Organophosphate + Pyrethroid	Chlorpyrifos + Cyfluthrin	DuraPlex® TR	24	GH	BASF
3+4A	Pyrethroid + Neonicotinoid	Cyfluthrin + Imidacloprid	Discus® L	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
6+UN	Glycoside+Carbazate	Abamectin+Bifenazate	Sirocco®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.

*Insecticides / Miticides Modes of Action

1. Acetylcholinesterase inhibitors. Inhibition of the enzyme acetylcholinesterase, interrupting the transmission of nerve impulses
2. GABA-gated chloride channel antagonists: Interferes with GABA receptors of insect neurons, leading to repetitive nervous discharges
3. Sodium channel modulators: Acts as an axonic poison by interfering with the sodium channels of both the peripheral and central nervous system stimulating repetitive nervous discharges, leading to paralysis.
4. Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) agonists. Binds to nicotinic acetylcholine receptor disrupting nerve transmission.
5. Nicotine acetylcholine receptor agonists (not group 4)
6. Chloride channel Activators: Interferes with the GABA nerve receptor of insects.
7. Juvenile hormone mimics (Insect growth regulator): Mimic juvenile hormones, which prevent molting from the larval to the adult stage.
9. Chordotonal organ TRPV channel modulators.
10. Mite growth inhibitors.
11. Microbial disruptors of insect midgut membranes.
12. Inhibitors of mitochondrial ATP synthase.
13. Uncoupler of oxidative phosphorylation (disrupt H proton gradient formation).
15. Inhibit chitin biosynthesis – type 0, Lepidopteran
16. Inhibit chitin biosynthesis – type 1, Homopteran
17. Molting disruptor, Dipteran
18. Ecdysone receptor agonists.
20. Mitochondrial complex III electron transport inhibitors
21. Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors
22. Sodium channel blocker: Nerve action
23. Inhibitors of acetyl CoA carboxylase
25. Mitochondrial complex II electron transport inhibitors
28. Ryanodine receptor modulators: Nerve and muscle action
29. Chordotonal organ Modulators – undefined target site: Nerve action
- UN Products with unknown or uncertain modes of action
- M Miscellaneous

This list is from the U.S Environmental Protection Agency, in cooperation with the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC). IRAC is a technical working group within the Global Crop Protection Federation (GCPF). More information on the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee and the Mode of Action Classification is available from: www.ircac-online.org.

REFERENCE GUIDE for GREENHOUSE and NURSERY PRODUCTION FUNGICIDES

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

As with other pesticides, fungicides must be used in a program to avoid or delay resistance. Do not rely on products with the same mode of action. Rotation of products with different modes of action, and using product combinations with different modes of action are parts of a resistance management strategy. Be especially careful when using products considered to be high risk for resistance development. This category includes many of our newer products. See the explanation of resistance risk at the end of the fungicide section.

Most fungicides work more effectively to prevent disease from becoming established, rather than eradicating disease that is already present. Constant monitoring – and modification where possible – of environmental conditions and scouting crops for signs of disease symptoms are vital parts of effective fungicide use and resistance management.

Always read the label and check with local authorities for further information regarding resistance management.

****Use Site(s) Key:** GH = Greenhouse N = Nursery

Fungicides

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Code* & Group	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
1	Thiophanates	Thiophanate-methyl	OHP 6672®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			3336™	12	GH/N	Nufarm
MBC-fungicides (Methyl Benzimidazole Carbamates) Resistance risk High (See explanation of resistance risk following the mode of action listing)						
2	Dicarboximides	Iprodione	OHP Chipco® 26019	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
Dicarboximides Resistance risk Medium to High						
3	Imidazoles	Triflumizole	Terraguard®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
		Pyrimidines	Fenarimol	Rubigan®	12	N
	Triazoles (includes conazole)	Propiconazole	Banner® MAXX® II	12	N	Syngenta
		Myclobutanil	Eagle® 20 EW	24	GH/N	Dow
		Triticonazole	Trinity®	12	GH/N	BASF
		Trinity® TR	4-12	GH	BASF	
DMI-fungicides (DeMethylation Inhibitors) Resistance risk Medium						
4	Acylamines	Metalaxyl-M (=Mefenoxam)	Subdue® MAXX®	0-48	GH/N	Syngenta
PA-fungicides (PhenyAmides) Resistance risk Medium to High						
5	Piperadines	Piperalin	Pipron®	12	GH	SePRO Corp.
Amines ("Morpholines") Resistance risk Low to Medium						
7	Thiopene amides	Isofetamid	Astun™	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
	Phenyl-Benzamides	Flutolanil	ProStar®	12	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
SDHI (Succinate dehydrogenase inhibitors) Resistance risk Medium to High						

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation. Check labels for uses.

Fungicides

continued

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Code* & Group	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
11	Oximino-acetates	Trifloxystrobin	Compass®	12	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
	Methoxy-acrylates	Azoxystrobin	Heritage®	4	GH/N	Syngenta
	Methoxy-carbamates	Pyraclostrobin	Empress™ Intrinsic	12	GH/N	BASF
	Imidazolinones	Fenamidone	FenStop®	12	GH	Bayer Environmental Science
QoI-fungicides (Quinone outside inhibitors) Resistance risk High						
12	Phenylpyrroles	Fludioxonil	Medallion®	12	GH/N	Syngenta
PP-fungicides (PhenylPyrroles) Resistance risk Low to Medium						
14	Aromatic Hydrocarbons	PCNB	Terraclor®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
	Thiadiazole	Etridiazole	Terrazole®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			Truban®	12	GH/N	ICL Specialty Fertilizers
AH fungicides (Aromatic Hydrocarbons) Resistance risk Low to Medium						
17	Hydroxyanilides	Fenhexamid	Decree®	12	GH/N	SePRO Corp.
(SBI: Class III) Resistance risk Low to Medium						
19	Polyoxins	Polyoxin-D	Affirm™	4	GH/N	Nufarm
Polyoxins Resistance risk Low to Medium						
21	Cyano-imidazole	Cyazofamid	Segway® O	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
Qil-fungicide (Quinone inside inhibitor) Resistance risk Medium to High						
28	Carbamates	Propamocarb	Banol®	24	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
Carbamates Resistance risk Low to Medium						
33	Ethyl Phosphonates	Fosetyl-AI	Aliette®	12	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
			Areca™	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
	Phosphite	Phosphorous acid	Alude™	4	GH/N	Nufarm
Phosphonates Resistance risk Low						
40	Cinnamic Acid Amides	Dimethomorph	Stature® SC	12	GH/N	BASF
	Mandelic Acid Amides	Mandipropamid	Micora™	4	GH/N	Syngenta
CAA-fungicides (Carboxylic Acid Amides) Resistance risk Low to Medium						
43	Pyridinylmethyl-benzamides	Fluopicolide	Adorn®	12	GH/N	Nufarm
Benzamides Resistance risk Unknown						
44	<i>Bacillus</i> sp. and the fungicidal lipopeptides produced	<i>Bacillus amyloliquefaciens</i> strain D747	Triathlon® BA	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
Microbial (<i>Bacillus</i> sp.) Resistance risk Unknown						

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation. Check labels for uses.

Fungicides

continued

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Code* & Group	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company	
M1	Inorganic	Copper sulfate	Camelot®	12	GH/N	SePRO Corp.	
			Cuproxtat®	24	GH/N	Nufarm	
			Phyton® 27	24	GH/N	Phyton Corp.	
			Phyton® 35	24	GH/N	Phyton Corp.	
			Copper hydroxide	CuPro™ 2005 T/N/O	24	GH/N	SePRO Corp.
Inorganic		Cuprous Oxide	Nordox 75WG	12	GH/N	Nordox AS	
Resistance risk Low to Medium							
M3	Dithiocarbamates and relatives	Mancozeb	Dithane®	24	GH/N	Dow	
			Fore®	24	GH/N	Dow	
			Junction™	24	GH/N	SePRO Corp.	
			Pentathlon™	24	GH/N	SePRO Corp.	
			Manganese + zinc	Protect™ DF	24	GH/N	Nufarm
Dithiocarbamates and relatives Resistance risk Low to Medium							
M5	Chloronitriles (phthalonitriles)	Chlorothalonil	Daconil® Ultrex®	12	GH/N	Syngenta	
			AllPro® Exotherm Termil	*	GH	Value Garden Supply	
Resistance risk Low to Medium * Depends on greenhouse ventilation							
U15	Piperidinyl-thiazole-isoxazolines	Oxathiapiprolin	Segovis®	4	GH/N	Syngenta	
Piperidinyl-thiazole-isoxazolines Resistance risk Low to Medium							
NC	Biopesticide	<i>Trichoderma harzianum</i> T22	PlantShield® HC	0	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.	
			RootShield®	0	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.	
			RootShield® Plus	0	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.	
		<i>Trichoderma harzianum</i> T22 + <i>Trichoderma virens</i> G41					
		<i>Gliocladium virens</i> GL21	SoilGard®	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.	
		<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> GB03	Companion®	4	GH/N	Growth Products	
		<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> MBI600	Subtilex® NG	4	GH	BASF	
		<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> QST713	Cease®	4	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.	
		<i>Streptomyces lydicus</i> WYEC108	Actinovate® SP	4	GH/N	Mycorrhizal Applications, LLC	
			Actino Iron	4	GH/N	Mycorrhizal Applications, LLC	
		Bicarbonate	Potassium bicarbonate	Carb-O-Nator™	4	GH/N	Certis USA, LLC
				MilStop®	1	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.
		Hydrogen Dioxide/Peroxide	Hydrogen dioxide + peroxyacetic acid	ZeroTol®	0-1	GH/N	Biosafe Systems
				X3™	0-2	GH/N	Phyton Corp.
		Oils	Clarified hydrophobic extract of neem oil (also classified by EPA as a biopesticide)	Triact® 70	4	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
Petroleum oil	Suffoil-X™			4	GH/N	BioWorks, Inc.	
Quaternary Ammonium	Quaternary Amines	Greenshield®	0	GH	BASF		
		Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	KleenGrow™	0	GH	Pace 49	
Soaps	Potassium salts of fatty acids	Kopa™ Insecticidal Soap	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.		

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation. Check labels for uses.

MOA Combination Products

MOA Code* & Group	Classes	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
NC	<i>continued</i>		M-Pede®	12	GH/N	Gowan Company
1+2	Thiophanate + Dicarboxamide	Thiophanate-methyl + Iprodione	26/36™	12	GH/N	Nufarm
1+14	Thiophanate + Thiadiazole	Thiophanate-methyl + Etridiazole	Banrot®	12	GH/N	ICL Specialty Fertilizers
1+M5	Thiophanate + Chloronitrile	Thiophanate-methyl + Chlorothalonil	Spectro® 90	12	GH/N	Nufarm
3+11	Demethylation Inhibitors (DMI fungicides) + Strobilurins	Triadimefon + Trifloxystrobin	Trigo™	12	GH/N	Bayer Environmental Science
3+M5	Demethylation inhibitor + Chloronitrile	Propiconazole + Chlorothalonil	Concert® II	12	N	Syngenta
7+11	SDHI + Strobilurin	Boscalid + Pyraclostrobin	Pageant® Intrinsic™	12	GH/N	BASF
		Benzovindiflupyr + Azoxystrobin	Mural™	12	GH/N	Syngenta
		Fluxapyroxad + Pyraclostrobin	Orkestra™	12	GH/N	BASF
45+40	Triazolo-pyrimidylamines + Cinnamic Acid Amides	Ametoctradin + Dimethomorph	Orvego™	12	GH/N	BASF
9+12	Anilo-pyrimidine+ Phenylpyrrole	Cyprodinil + Fludioxinil	Palladium™	12	GH/N	Syngenta

* Depends on Greenhouse ventilation

** Greenhouse and/or nursery uses depend on the formulation. Check labels for uses.

*Fungicides Modes of Action

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Inhibition of tubulin formation in mitosis | 12. MAP protein kinase in osmotic signal transduction | 40. Cell wall biosynthesis: cellulose synthase |
| 2. Affect cell division, DNA and RNA synthesis and metabolism | 14. Lipid peroxidation (proposed) | 43. Delocalization of spectrin-like proteins |
| 3. DMI (DeMethylation Inhibitors) Demethylase in sterol biosynthesis | 17. 3-keto reductase during C4 demethylation | 44. Microbial disrupters of pathogen cell membranes (Biologicals) |
| 4. Phenylamides-Affect RNA synthesis | 19. Chitin synthase inhibition in cell wall development | 45. Respiration Complex III: cytochrome bc1 (ubiquinone reductase) at Qo site |
| 5. Inhibition of isomerase in sterol biosynthesis | 21. Quinone inside inhibitors (Qil) | M Multi-site activity. Chemicals that act at several sites, which may differ among the group members |
| 7. Affect mitochondrial transport chain | 28. Affect cell membrane permeability, fatty acids (proposed) | NC Unknown |
| 9. Methionine biosynthesis (proposed) | 33. Unknown mode of action. | |
| 11. Quinone outside inhibitors (Qol) | Phosphonates. <i>The mode of action cannot be placed within any other grouping</i> | |

This list is from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, in cooperation with the Fungicide Resistance Action Committee (FRAC). FRAC is a technical working group within the Global Crop Protection Federation (GCPF). More information on the fungicide Resistance Action Committee and the Mode of Action Classification is available from: www.frac.info.

Explanation of Resistance Risk

Resistance risk categories were developed by FRAC. There are ways to estimate the potential for resistance development. The resistance risk is generally based on whether the fungicide mode of action (MOA) is single or multi-site. Single site MOA products have a higher resistance risk than multi site MOA products. The pathogen types targeted by the fungicides also are factors.

Fungicides should always be used by rotating MOA types. Users need to be especially careful not to rotate or alternate among fungicides in any one high resistance risk category. Follow resistance management instructions on product labels.

REFERENCE GUIDE for GREENHOUSE and NURSERY PRODUCTION PLANT GROWTH REGULATORS

***Use Site(s) Key: GH = Greenhouse N = Nursery

Plant Growth Regulators (PGRs)

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Activity Level**	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)***	Company
1	Pyrimidine	Medium	Ancymidol	A-Rest®	12	GH/N	SePRO Corp.
			Flurprimidol	Topflor®	12	GH/N	SePRO Corp.
	Quaternary Ammonium	Medium	Chlormequat chloride	Cycocel®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			Daminozide	B-Nine®	24	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			Paclobutrazol	Paczol®	12	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			Bonzi®	12	GH/N	Syngenta	
			Uniconazole-p	Sumagic®	12	GH	Nufarm
3	Fatty acid	Medium	Methyl esters of fatty acids	Off-Shoot-O	0	GH/N	Cochran Corp.
4	Gibberellin (GA)	High	Gibberellic acid (A3)	ProGibb® T&O	12	GH/N	Mycorrhizal Applications, LLC
	Synthetic Cytokinin/ Gibberellin	High	Cytokinin/ Gibberellic acid	Fascination®	4	GH	Nufarm
	Synthetic Cytokinin	High	N-(phenylmethyl)- IH-purine-6-amine	Configure®	12	GH	Fine Agrochemicals, LTD.
5	Organophosphorus	Medium	Ethephon	Florel brand Pistill	48 to 72	GH/N	Monterey Chemical
				Florel brand Ethephon	48 to 72	GH/N	Southern Agricultural Insecticides, Inc.
6	Rooting Hormones Synthetic Auxin		IBA	Hormodin®	0	GH/N	OHP, Inc.
			IBA + NAA	Dip'N Grow	0 to 24	GH/N	Dip'N Grow, Inc.

** PGR activity varies greatly depending on product class i.e the triazole class is very active. The low, medium and high ratings are guides to product activity. The higher the level the more care must be taken when using.

Thank you to Dr. Joyce Latimer, Virginia Tech, for help in preparing the PGR chart.

*Plant Growth Regulators Modes of Action

- | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Gibberellic Acid synthesis inhibitors | 4. Growth promoter | 7. ABA abscisic acid |
| 2. DNA synthesis inhibitor | 5. Ethylene generator | UN. Unkown mode of action |
| 3. Chemical pincher | 6. Rooting Hormones | |

REFERENCE GUIDE for GREENHOUSE and NURSERY PRODUCTION HERBICIDES

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Herbicide rotation is just as important as the rotation of other pest control products. Herbicide mode of action (MOA) groups are listed by the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee (HRAC). Rotating MOAs on a regular basis is key to controlling weeds and maintaining the effectiveness of herbicides.

Please read and follow all label directions and precautions.

**Use Site(s) Key:

PO = post emergence
A = Annual Grasses
S = Sedges

PR = pre emergence
BW = Broadleaf Weeds
WO = Certain Woody
Ornamentals

SF = Soil fumigant
P = Perennials

GH = registered for use in greenhouses
MA = Most annuals

Herbicides

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
1	Aryloxyphenoxy propionate 'FOPs'	Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl	Acclaim® Extra	24	PO; A, P	Bayer Environmental Science
		Fluazifop-P-butyl	Fusilade® II	12	PO; A, P	Syngenta
	Cyclohexanedione 'DIMs'	Clethodim	Envoy Plus®	24	PO; A, P	Nufarm
		Sethoxydim	Segment™	12	PO; A, P	BASF
2	Imidazolinone	Imazaquin	Image®	12	PR/PO; A, P, BW, S	BASF
3	Pyridine	Dithiopyr	Dimension®	12	PR; A, BW	Dow
	Benzamide	Pronamide	Kerb®	24	PR/PO; A, BW	Dow
	Dinitroaniline	Pendimethalin	Pendulum®	24	PR; A, BW	BASF
			Corral®	24	PR; A, BW	ICL Specialty Fertilizers
			Barricade®	12	PR; A, BW	Syngenta
	Oryzalin	Surflan® WDG	12	PR; A, BW	United Phosphorus	
Benzoic acid	DCPA	Dacthal®	12	PR; A, BW	Amvac Chemical Corp.	
4	Pyridine carboxylic acid	Clopyralid	Lontrel®	12	PO; WO	Dow
5	Triazine	Simazine	Princep®	12	PR; A, BW	Syngenta
6	Benzothiadiazinone	Bentazon	Basagran® T/O	48	PO; BW, S	BASF

Herbicides

continued

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
9	Glycine	Glyphosate	Roundup Pro®	4	PO; A, P, BW, GH	Monsanto
			Refuge™	12	PO; A, P, BW, GH	Syngenta
10	Phosphinic acid	Glufosinate	Finale®	12	PO; MA, P, GH	Bayer Environmental Science
12	Pyridazinone	Norflurazon	Predict®	12	PR; A, BW	Syngenta
14	Diphenylether	Oxyfluorfen	Goal®	24	PR; PO, A, BW	Dow
	Oxadiazole	Oxadiazon	Ronstar®	12	PR; A, BW	Bayer Environmental Science
	N-phenylphthalimides	Flumioxazin	BroadStar®	12	PR; A, BW	Nufarm
			SureGuard®	12	PR; PO, A, BW	Nufarm
15	Acetamide	Napropamide	Devrinol®	12-24	PR; A, BW	United Phosphorous
	Chloroacetamide	S-metolachlor	Pennant® Magnum	24	PR; A, BW	Syngenta
		Dimethenamid-P	Tower®	12	PR; A, BW, S	BASF
20	Nitrile	Dichlobenil	Casoron®	12	PR; A, P	OHP, Inc.
21	Benzamide	Isoxaben	Gallery®	12	PR A, BW	Dow
22	Bipyridylum	Paraquat	Gramoxone® Inteon	12 to 24	PO; MA, P, BW	Syngenta
		Diquat	Reward®	24	PO; MA, P, GH	Syngenta
27	Other	Dazomet	Basamid®	24	SF; MA, P	Certis USA, LLC
		Metam	Vapam®	48	SF; MA, P	Amvac Chemical Corp.
		Pelargonic acid	Scythe®	12	PO; MA, P, GH	Gowan Company
29	Alkylazines	Indaziflam	Marengo®	12	PR; A, GH, BW	Bayer Environmental Science
			Marengo® G	12	PR; A, BW	Bayer Environmental Science
3+3	Dinitroaniline + Dinitroaniline	Benefin + Oryzalin	XL 2G	24	PR; A, BW	Helena Chemical Co.
3+14	Diphenylether + Dinitroaniline	Oxyfluorfen + Pendimethalin	OH2®	24	PR; A, BW	ICL Speciality Fertilizers
3+14	Diphenylether + Dinitroaniline	Oxyfluorfen + Prodiamine	Biathlon®	24	PR; A, BW	OHP, Inc.

(by Mode of Action Group and Class)

MOA Group*	Class	Common Name	Trade Name	REI	Use Site(s)**	Company
3+14	Oxadiazole + Dinitroaniline	Oxadiazon + Prodiamine	RegalStar® II	12	PR; A, BW	Regal Chemical Co.
3+14	Diphenylether + Dinitroaniline	Oxyfluorfen + Oryzalin	Rout®	24	PR; A, BW	ICL Speciality Fertilizers
3+15	Chloroacetamide + Dinitroaniline	Dimethenamid-P + Pendimethalin	Freehand®	12	PR; A, BW, S	BASF
3+21	Dinitroaniline + Benzamide	Prodiamine + Isoxaben	Gemini®	12	PR; A, BW	ICL Speciality Fertilizers
14+14	Diphenylether + Oxadiazole	Oxyfluorfen + Oxadiazon	Regal O-O®	24	PR; A, BW	Regal Chemical Co.
3+21	Benzamide + Dinitroaniline	Isoxaben + Trifluralin	Snapshot® TG	12	PR; A, BW	Dow
M	Soaps	Ammonium Nonanoate	Axxe®	24	PO; GH	BioSafe Systems

*Herbicides Modes of Action

1. Inhibition of acetyl CoA carboxylase (ACCase)
2. Inhibition of acetolactate synthase ALS (acetohydroxyacid synthase AHAS)
3. Microtubule assembly inhibition
4. Action like indole acetic acid (synthetic auxins)
5. Inhibition of photosynthesis at photosystem II (C1)**
6. Inhibition of photosynthesis at photosystem II (C3)**
7. Inhibition of photosynthesis at photosystem II (C2)**
9. Inhibition of EPSP synthase
10. Inhibition of glutamine synthetase
12. Bleaching: inhibition of carotenoid biosynthesis at the phytoene desaturase step (PDS)
14. Inhibition of protoporphyrinogen oxidase (PPO)
15. Inhibition of VLCFAs (Inhibition of cell division)
20. Inhibition of cell wall (cellulose) synthesis
21. Inhibition of cell wall (cellulose) synthesis
22. Photosystem -I- electron diversion
27. Unknown
29. Inhibit cellulose biosynthesis
- M. Miscellaneous

**Subclasses with different binding behavior at the binding protein D1, or different classes

*This mode of action listing is based on the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee (HRAC) and the Weed Science Society of America (WSSA). More information on the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee and the Mode of Action Classification is available from: www.hracglobal.com.

